





Disclaimer

This presentation (this "Presentation") has been prepared by Okeanis Eco Tankers Corp. ("OET or the "Company"). This Presentation does not constitute or form part of, and should not be construed as, an offer to sell or an invitation, solicitation, or inducement to purchase or subscribe for securities with respect to any transaction, nor shall it or any part of it form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with, any contract or commitment whatsoever. This Presentation does not constitute either advice or a recommendation regarding any securities.

The financial information and data contained in this Presentation is unaudited. This communication includes certain numerical measures (including estimated financial information and presented as pro-forma financial measures) that are not derived in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), and which may be deemed to be non-GAAP financial measures within the meaning of Regulation G promulgated by the U.S. Securities & Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The Company believes that the presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures serves to enhance the understanding of the financial performance of the Company. However, these non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to and not as substitutes for, or superior to, financial measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. Please refer to the last quarter's earnings press release for a discussion of these non-GAAP financial measures and a reconciliation of these measures to the most comparable GAAP measures.

Recipients of this Presentation are not to construe its contents, or any prior or subsequent communications from or with the Company or its representatives as financial, investment, legal, tax, business or other professional advice. In addition, this Presentation does not purport to be all-inclusive or to contain all of the information that may be required to make a full analysis of the Company. Recipients of this Presentation should consult with their own advisers and should each make their own evaluation of the Company and of the relevance and adequacy of the information.

This Presentation contains certain tables and other statistical analyses (the "Statistical Information"). Numerous assumptions were used in preparing the Statistical Information, which may not be reflected herein. Certain Statistical Information is derived from estimates and subjective judgments made by third parties. As such, no assurance can be given as to the accuracy, appropriateness or completeness of the Statistical Information as used in any particular context; nor as to whether the Statistical Information and/or the judgments and assumptions upon which they are based reflect present market conditions or future market performance. This Presentation reflects the conditions and views of the Company as of the date set out on the front page of this Presentation. This Presentation contains certain forward-looking statements. Forwardlooking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the Company's management's expectations, hopes, beliefs, intentions or strategies regarding the future and other statements that are other than statements of historical fact. In addition, any statements that refer to projections, forecasts or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including any underlying assumptions. are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "could", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "might", "plan", "possible", "potential", "predict", "project", "should", "would" and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forwardlooking. These statements are based upon various assumptions, many of which are based, in turn, upon further assumptions, including without limitation, management's examination of historical operating trends, data contained in the Company's records and other data available from third parties. Although management believes that these assumptions were reasonable when made, because these assumptions are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and continuencies which are difficult or impossible to predict and are beyond the Company's control, the Company cannot assure you that it will achieve or accomplish these expectations, beliefs or projections. and they are solely opinions and forecasts which are subject to risks. uncertainties and other factors. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. There can be no assurance that actual results or developments anticipated in this document will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences to, or effects on, the Company. Given these uncertainties, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: changes in shipping industry trends, including charter rates, vessel values and factors affecting vessel supply and demand; changes in seaborne and other transportation patterns; changes in the supply of or demand for oil, generally or in particular regions; climate change; increased use of electric vehicles and renewable energy; changes in the number of new buildings under construction in the tanker shipping industry; changes in the useful lives and the value of the Company's vessels and the related impact on the Company's compliance with loan covenants; the aging of the Company's fleet and increases in operating costs; the Company's ability to achieve successful utilization of its expanded fleet; changes in the Company's ability to complete acquisitions or dispositions; risks related to the Company's business strategy, areas of possible expansion or expected capital spending or

operating expenses; changes to the Company's financial condition and liquidity, including its ability to pay amounts that it owes and obtain additional financing to fund capital expenditures, acquisitions and other general corporate activities: changes in the availability of crew. number of off-hire days. classification survey requirements and insurance costs for the vessels in the Company's fleet; changes in the Company's ability to leverage the relationships and reputation in the tanker shipping industry of its managers: changes in the Company's relationships with its contract counterparties, including the failure of any of its contract counterparties to comply with their agreements with the Company; loss of our customers, charters or vessels; damage to the Company's vessels: potential liability from future litigation and incidents involving the Company's vessels, including oil spills; the Company's future operating or financial results: the Company's ability to continue as a going concern: acts of terrorism and other hostilities: inflation; changes in global and regional economic and political conditions: risks associated with operations outside the United States: changes in governmental rules and regulations or actions taken by regulatory authorities, particularly with respect to the tanker shipping industry or the shipping industry generally; and other factors listed from time to time in the Company's filings with the SEC, including its most recent annual report on Form 20-F. These factors could cause actual results or developments to differ materially from those expressed in any of the forward-looking statements.

The Company does not provide any assurance that the assumptions underlying such forward-looking statements are free from errors, nor does the Company accept any responsibility for the future accuracy of the opinions or forward-looking statements expressed in this Presentation or the actual occurrence of the forecasted developments. No obligations are assumed to update any forwardlooking statements or to conform to these forward-looking statements to actual results, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. In light of the risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events discussed in this Presentation might not occur, and the Company's actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements.

The Company makes no warranty, express or implied as to the completeness or accuracy of any information in this Presentation, nor can or does it accept responsibility for errors appearing in the Presentation. Certain information contained herein has been provided by third parties and has not been independently verified, and the Company does not represent or endorse the accuracy or reliability of any such information. This Presentation is subject to revisions and amendments without notice by the Company and without obligation to notify any recipient of any such amendment.

EXECUTIVE UPDATE COMMERCIAL AND MARKET UPDATE APPENDIX



Q1 2024 EARNINGS PRESENTATION MAY 16, 2024

Executive Summary

Okeanis Eco Tankers continues to deliver strong results

		Q1 2024	Q1 2023	YoY (%)
	VLCC TCE1	\$68,800	\$72,700	(5%)
	Suezmax TCE ¹	\$56,700	\$68,200	(17%)
COMMERCIAL PERFORMANCE	Fleetwide TCE ¹	\$63,600	\$70,800	(10%)
USD per day	Fleetwide Opex ²	\$9,208	\$8,885	4%
	TC Coverage	-	29%	
	TCE Revenue	\$81.0	\$88.4	(8%)
INCOME	Adjusted EBITDA ³	\$65.2	\$74.4	(12%)
STATEMENT USDm exc. EPS	Adjusted Profit	\$39.6	\$51.4	(23%)
	Adjusted EPS	\$1.23	\$1.60	(23%)
	Total Debt	\$693.7	\$727.0	(5%)
	Total Cash ^₄	\$109.0	\$118.0	(8%)
BALANCE	Total Assets	\$1,148.5	\$1,188.7	(3%)
USDm	Total Equity	\$428.4	\$433.6	(1%)
	Book Leverage	58%	58%	_

Highlights for the quarter

- \$63,600pd fleetwide TCE
- \$65.2 adj. EBITDA³
- **\$1.23** adj. EPS
- \$109m liquidity4
- 58% book leverage
- The Board has declared an eighth consecutive capital distribution of \$1.10 per share.
- The total distributions for the last 4 quarters amounted to \$3.86 per share.
- Closed the refinancing and amendment of debt on 4 vessels.

NOTES: 1. TCE revenue over operating days (calendar days less off-hire days).

2. Including management fees.

3. EBITDA adjusted for derivatives, FX, and other non-cash items.

4. Including restricted cash.

Income Statement Summary

Income statement summary (\$m)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
TCE Revenue	\$81.0	\$88.4
Vessel operating expenses	(10.6)	(10.1)
Management fees	(1.1)	(1.1)
General and administrative expenses	(4.1)	(2.9)
EBITDA	\$65.2	\$74.3
Depreciation and amortization	(10.2)	(10.0)
EBIT	\$55.1	\$64.4
Net interest expense	(15.2)	(13.6)
Other financial income/expenses	1.6	0.8
Reported Profit	\$41.6	\$51.6
Reported EPS - basic & diluted	\$1.29	\$1.60
Adjustments	(1.9)	(0.2)
Adjusted Profit	\$39.6	\$51.4
Adjusted EPS - basic & diluted	\$1.23	\$1.60
Weighted average shares - basic & diluted	32.2	32.2

Notes

 Q1 continues the trend established in 2023 with strong Revenue, EBITDA and Net Income

• TCE Revenue of **\$81m**

- EBITDA of \$65m
- Net Income of **\$42m**

Balance Sheet Summary

Balance Sheet Summary (\$'000s)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Notes
Assets			
Cash & cash equivalents	\$103.9	\$110.9	 Total cash¹ of \$109m
Restricted cash	5.1	7.0	
Vessels, net	978.3	1,014.4	 Total assets of \$1.1bn
Other assets	61.2	56.4	
Total Assets	\$1,148.5	\$1,188.7	 Total interest bearing debt of \$694m
Shareholders' Equity & Liabilities			E90 /
Shareholders' equity	\$428.4	\$433.6	 Book leverage of 58%
Interest bearing debt	693.7	727.0	 Total equity of \$428m
Other liabilities	26.4	28.1	
Total Shareholders' Equity & Liabilities	\$1,148.5	\$1,188.7	

Corporate, Debt and Employment Structure



Trading spot or short-term TC

- After the successful refinancings with ABN Amro and Credit Agricole in 2023, we utilized the momentum to further optimize our capital structure.
- Previously announced Kexim Asia Limited and CMB Financial Leasing transactions both closed in February, continuing to improve our cost of capital.
- The transactions in 2023 and Q1 of 2024 have improved cost of debt by on average c.100bps across 9 vessels (Milos, Kimolos, Folegandros, Nissos Sikinos, Nissos Sifnos, Nissos Keros, Nissos Anafi, Nissos Kea, and Nissos Nikouria).
- Repaid, as scheduled, the first tranche of the Sponsor's Loan in March. The second tranche will be repaid as due in June.
- Very positive momentum as we continue to negotiate the refinancing of the Poliegos in the next couple of months.
- Continuously working with current and potential new financiers to optimize our capital structure with accretive terms.

EXECUTIVE UPDATE COMMERCIAL AND MARKET UPDATE APPENDIX



Q1 2024 EARNINGS PRESENTATION MAY 16, 2024

Commercial Performance – Q1 2024

Fleetwide TCE of **\$63,600 pd** – \$68,800 pd for spot VLCCs and \$56,700 pd for spot Suezmaxes

	VLCC			SUEZMAX			FLEETWIDE		
-	Days	% of Total	TCE	Days	% of Total	TCE	Days	% of Total	TCE
Timecharter	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Spot ¹	728	100%	\$68,800	546	100%	\$56,700	1,274	100%	\$63,600
Total	728	100%	\$68,800	546	100%	\$56,700	1,274	100%	\$63,600
Calendar	728			546			1,274		
Operating ²	728			546			1,274		
Utilization	100%			100%			100%		

The VLCCs experienced a noteworthy increase in earnings during this period, marked by an evident 23.6k per day rise in the average TCE, quarter-over-quarter.

Our strategy pivoted to repositioning ships to the East as the TCE premium of West to East over local West voyages grew too large. We locked in multiple very strong, long fixtures.

Multiple vessels accumulated demurrage through Q1 and beginning of Q2 at significantly higher than market rate. During the entirety of Q1, our Suezmaxes upheld a significant presence in the West. This was particularly notable as the Poliegos and Sifnos both had opening positions East but were strategically relocated to the West to maximize profitability.

In line with the VLCC's, the higher earnings on back-hauls during Q1 can be attributed to routing via the Cape of Good Hope.

We focused on minimizing waiting days on local voyages in the West, thereby maximizing our earnings. The most substantial earnings observed since Q2 2023. This can be credited to increased flat rates resulting from routing via the Cape of Good Hope, consequently generating higher TCEs.

Took advantage of new trade routes created by the disruption in the Red Sea, including VLCC loading in the Mediterranean to go East and Suezmaxes sailing from the AG around the Cape of Good Hope.

Commercial Performance - Q2 2024 Guidance

VLCC: 82% of available 2Q24 spot days fixed at **\$75,900 pd** Suezmax: 57% of available 2Q24 spot days fixed at **\$60,800 pd**

	VLCC			SUEZMAX			FLEETWIDE		
	Days	% of Total	TCE	Days	% of Total	TCE	Days	% of Total	TCE
Timecharter	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Spot - fixed ¹	559	82%	\$75,900	310	57%	\$60,800	869	71%	\$70,600
Spot - unfixed ²	122	18%	_	236	43%	_	358	29%	_
Total	681	100%	-	546	100%	-	1,227	100%	-
Calendar	728		·	546			1,274		
Operating	681			546			1,227		
Utilization	94%			100%			100%		

Prioritization for the 2019 VLCC's this quarter is to execute front-haul voyages from West to East in order to position the vessels for their required upcoming dry-dock throughout Q2 and Q3.

On the Nissos Donoussa, we secured a favorable back-haul voyage from Basrah to reposition her back West in time for the start of Q3.

We executed a Trans-Atlantic voyage from the USG to Rotterdam on the Nissos Nikouria. Subsequently, we located a front-haul cargo from Houndpoint to go East, minimizing ballast and maximizing our laden leg to ensure above market returns. Maintaining a West presence on all of the Suezmaxes during Q2 because the market witnessed an evident influx of cargoes out of West Africa and other local markets.

Continued to prioritize voyages with overage and higher flats to produce greater TCEs.

We remain hesitant to send Suezmaxes East due to the challenge of repositioning them back West. This comes as a result of the absence of cargoes being quoted out of the AG due to increased trading costs when freighting via Cape of Good Hope. Nissos Despotiko and Nissos Keros both have upcoming dry-docks scheduled during the latter half of Q2 in China, therewith having the ships available in Q3.

Due to the lack of indications regarding any slowdown in the Red Sea transit situation, we maintain optimism that the momentum will continue into a robust Q3.

 Reflect open days which have not been booked so far. Recognizing revenue (or costs) within the quarter for the unfixed days will depend on loading (or not) of the next voyage within the quarter, according to IFRS adjustments for the calculation of TCE.

Consistently Superior Commercial Performance

Being the only listed pure ECO and fully scrubber fitted crude tanker platform we continuously outperform the market

100,000 7 \$ Peers Min-Max range Peers Average 90,000 OET 80,000 70,000 60,000 50,000 40,000 30,000 20,000 10,000 0 1Q 2Q 3Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 3Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 3Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 3Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 4Q 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

VLCC spot TCE against peers





Suezmax spot TCE against peers



Suezmax spot performance against peers



Demand Outlook Continues to be Meaningful

OPEC will be crucial for the medium term story



Growth assumptions in mbd

Volume growth vs ton-mile demand growth



Supply Fundamentals are Staggering

Orderbook story is supplemented by a continuing ageing fleet and need for replacement across all segments, through a transformative shift in the shipyard landscape



VLCC fleet age composition





Suezmax fleet age composition



Vessels reaching replacement age each year accross all segments is astonishing



Values Appreciation Potential Remains

Despite continuously increasing values, the upside to peak is very significant



Current VLCC value curve vs 2004-2008 cycle

Current Suezmax value curve vs 2004-2008 cycle

EXECUTIVE UPDATE COMMERCIAL AND MARKET UPDATE APPENDIX



Q1 2024 EARNINGS PRESENTATION MAY 16, 2024

Cash Flow Summary

CF Statement Summary (\$m)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Net income	\$41.6	\$51.6
Total reconciliation adjustments	23.1	22.4
Total changes in working capital	9.7	7.2
Net cash from operating activities	\$74.4	81.2
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Investment in vessels	(\$1.0)	(\$0.1)
Other investing activities	0.3	0.4
Net cash from investing activities	(\$0.7)	\$0.3
Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
Net changes in debt	\$2.6	(\$12.3)
Dividends and capital returns	(21.2)	(40.2)
Financing costs	(0.7)	-
Net cash from financing activities	(\$19.3)	(\$52.5)
FX effect	(\$0.4)	0.5
Net change in cash & cash equivalents	54.2	29.0
Cash and cash equivalents BoP	50.0	68.8
Cash and cash equivalents EoP	\$103.9	\$98.4

Emissions Reporting

Committed to transparent reporting and reduction of carbon emissions The Group adheres to the ABS Monitoring Reporting and Verification Regulation (MRV) framework

Reporting		VLCC	Suezmax
Number of vessels reporting emissions data		8	6
CO_2 emissions generated from vessels (metric tons)			
Laden Condition		52,200	32,200
All Conditions		82,900	46,900
Fleet Annual Efficiency Ratio (AER) ¹			
CO ₂ emissions - all conditions	А	82,900	46,900
Design deadweight tonnage (DWT)	В	319,000	158,400
Total distance travelled (nautical miles)	С	119,500	109,600
Fleet AER for the period (CO_2 gr/tonne-mile)	A*10 ^ 6/(B*C)	2.2	2.7
Fleet Energy Efficiency Operational Indicator (EEOI) ²			
CO ₂ emissions - all conditions	А	82,900	46,900
Weighted avg. cargo transported for the period (metric tons)	D	1,065,400	503,500
Laden distance travelled (nautical miles)	E	119,500	109,600
Fleet EEOI for the period (CO_2 gr/cargo tonne-mile)	A*10 ^ 6/(D*E)	4.1	5.5
EEOI Sea Cargo Charter guidance for 2022 (CO ₂ gr/cargo tonne-n	nile)	5.1	8.4

SOURCES: KMC, Baltic Exchange, Sea Cargo Charter, OET.

NOTES: 1. Annual Efficiency Ratio is a measure of carbon efficiency using the parameters

of fuel consumption, distance travelled, and design deadweight tonnage.

 Energy Efficiency Operational Indicator is a tool for measuring the CO₂ gas emissions in a given time period per unit transport work performed. This calculation is performed as per IMO MEPC.1/ Circ684. Reporting period is January 1, 2024 through March 31, 2024.

Indicative Eco Benefit Calculation

Assumptions		VLCC	Suezmax
Sailing Days	А	325	295
Fuel Consumption (tons/day@12.5 knots)			
Non-Eco	В	61.5	43.0
Eco	С	45.0	30.0
Incremental for Scrubber	D	2.0	1.0
Daily Eco fuel savings	E=(B-C)	16.5	13.0
Singapore Bunker Prices (\$/ton)			
VLSFO	F	\$648	\$648
HSFO (380cst)	G	\$492	\$492
Spread	H=(F-G)	\$156	\$156
Eco Daily Savings	I=(A*E*F/365)	\$9,500	\$6,800
Scrubber Daily Savings	J=(A*(C-D)*H)/365	\$6,000	\$3,600
Eco + Scrubber Daily Savings	K=(I+J)	\$15,500	\$10,400

Current Fleet List

Very attractive mix of crude tanker vessels built at **first class yards** with super eco design & scrubber fitted

No.	Vessel Name	Asset Type	Asset Size	Built	Age ¹	Yard	Ownership	Scrubber	Eco Design
1	Milos	Suezmax	157,539	2016	7	Sungdong 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
2	Poliegos	Suezmax	157,539	2017	7	Sungdong 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
3	Kimolos	Suezmax	159,159	2018	6	JMU 🕒	100%	Yes	Yes
4	Folegandros	Suezmax	159,221	2018	6	JMU 🕒	100%	Yes	Yes
5	Nissos Sikinos	Suezmax	157,447	2020	4	HSHI 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
6	Nissos Sifnos	Suezmax	157,447	2020	4	HSHI 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
7	Nissos Rhenia	VLCC	318,744	2019	5	HHI (Ulsan) 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
8	Nissos Despotiko	VLCC	318,744	2019	5	HHI (Ulsan) 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
9	Nissos Donoussa	VLCC	318,953	2019	5	HHI (Ulsan) 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
10	Nissos Kythnos	VLCC	318,953	2019	5	HHI (Ulsan) 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
11	Nissos Keros	VLCC	318,953	2019	4	HHI (Ulsan) 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
12	Nissos Anafi	VLCC	318,953	2020	4	HHI (Ulsan) 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
13	Nissos Kea	VLCC	300,323	2022	2	HHI (Ulsan) 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
14	Nissos Nikouria	VLCC	300,323	2022	2	HHI (Ulsan) 💽	100%	Yes	Yes
_	Aggregate		3,462,298		5				



